



The Roosevelt-Longworths had a narrow escape from a night last week. The magnificent stables connected with their home near Cincinnati caught fire and were burned to the ground. Mrs. Longworth rushed into the barn, and personally rescued her own pet horse and several others. It is said that her clothes were scorched, but otherwise she was unharmed.

Representative Lilly, of Connecticut, who got into a mix-up about submitting in the last Congress, and who declined to stand for the House again, has been named in the primaries of his State for Governor. Whereat various and sundry Republicans profess to be wrath.

A funny divorce suit was commenced in the District courts and then dropped. A very personable appearing woman married a very handsome man on rather short acquaintance. The man is very dark, and the woman became possessed with the idea that he was a negro, and so sued for divorce on these grounds, declaring that she "loved him just the same." Then he gave excellent evidence that he is not a negro, and she proceeded to withdraw the suit.

Judge John Jenkins, Chairman of the House Judiciary Committee for many years, was defeated for re-election in the primaries of the 11th Wisconsin District by Irvine L. Lenoir. It was said that President Roosevelt interfered by letter, saying that he would be glad of Representative Jenkins' election, because he supported the Roosevelt currency bill. This is emphatically denied at Oyster Bay. Secretary Lenoir says that the President is very careful to refrain from interfering in the personal politics of anybody or with their candidacy for office.

Two women have done a good thing for the Government, one of them very poor, one of them enormously rich. The



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The Controller of the Currency has arranged for a meeting of all the National Bank Examiners in the East in Washington on Sept. 21, to discuss plans for raising the standard of bank examinations.

The Controller believes there is room for improvement, and that a good deal in this way can be accomplished by calling the Examiners together for discussion. The plan is to have several of the Examiners describe the methods they employ in making periodical examinations of banks, and to bring about an agreement which will be employed uniformly henceforth.

A similar meeting of the Western Bank Examiners will be held in Chicago at a later date.

The Navy Department is about to organize a hospital corps. With this in view, and under the ruling which gives the Department a complete corps of women nurses, Miss Esther V. Hassan has been appointed chief nurse.

Miss Hassan comes from the East. She was engaged in hospital service at the outbreak of the Spanish-American War, and served on the hospital ship Relief.

Since 1901 Miss Hassan has served in New York, Baltimore and Washington. She is the daughter of A. R. Hassan, a Surgeon in the Army, who died several years ago.

President Roosevelt has granted a pardon to Isaac King, a full-blooded Choctaw Indian, serving a life sentence for the murder of Joe Drake, a white man who had married into an Indian family, and commuted the sentences of Abel McGilberry and Norbert Cooper, connected with the same murder, and also serving life terms.

These men were convicted May 5, 1902. The petition for their pardon claims that they did not have a fair trial, and that they were tried in the Western District of Arkansas upon a change of venue; that they should not have been tried in the United States Court, and that in Arkansas the prejudice against Indians is such they could not get a fair trial.

Miss Ethel Roosevelt is much in demand to assist at fairs and socials at Oyster Bay, and last week she poured tea at a garden party and fair at "Sparquillity," the home of John A. Weeks, at Oyster Bay. The fair was to procure funds for the Nassau Hospital at Minneola.

Hon. Sen. Payne, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the House, has been renominated by the Republicans of the 31st Congressional District of New York. Mr. Payne says he'd rather be a Congressman than a Senator, and he will accept the nomination.

The health officers of the District are still busy, and propose to keep up the warfare against uncleanness. They have just ordered a bakery, a saloon and a restaurant closed up because they have not obeyed inspection to clean up. It is drastic, but certainly just from an hygienic point.

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of the world. The people abroad are very particular in regard to what we send them, and the hope, therefore, of meeting the requirements of commerce rests largely on the intelligence of the men who are put upon our lists.

Mr. Thomas Gary, of this city, is going after the city of Wilmington, Del., to the tune of \$300,000—that or a little more or less. A million or so won't matter. It is a matter of an old feud from Gen. Rodney, her ancestor. The land originally belonged to John Humm. His daughter married Cesar Augustus Rodney, Attorney-General under Presidents Jefferson and Madison. Mrs. Gary is a direct descendant of Rodney. The land in question was leased by the family to a Swedish church in Wilmington for 99 years, and when the lease expired in 1852 a man named Springer stepped into the tangle somewhere and released the land in his own name, according to the records. The Springer family has since then amassed considerable money and the leased land was overlooked by them, and at that time was of no great value. When it has increased wonderfully in value.

Mrs. Gary has had long experience with lawyers and courts, and fought out one suit for nine years, and is getting \$3,000 from an old estate that some of the descendants of the old Rodney had been enjoying all to themselves. That had nothing to do with the present large fight which she is preparing to undertake.

Former Representative Shafroth, of Colorado, has been nominated for Governor of Colorado by the Democratic Convention of that State.

Miss Patricia Egan, daughter of Maurice F. Egan, the American Minister to Denmark, was married last week under brilliant auspices. The marriage took place in Copenhagen, the bridegroom being J. E. P. Murphy, of Los Angeles, Cal. Count Raben Lovetson, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and his wife, who was a Miss Moulton, of Boston, and a number of aristocrats, literary men, and scientists were present.

The Pope sent his benediction. Congratulatory telegrams were sent from the King and Queen of Denmark, the Prince and Princess Waldemar, President Roosevelt, Cardinal Gibbons and many others.

The Secretary of the Navy has promised that he will send 13 warships to attend the celebration of Founders' Day at Philadelphia. The ships will be in the vicinity of the city last week, and the festivities which will last pretty much all week.

There has always been much trouble over pawn shops receiving stolen goods that there has been much discussion of how to identify those who take stolen goods to pawn. It has remained for Maj. Sylvester, Police Commissioner of New York, to suggest a remedy. He thinks that finger-print methods of identification of this system were put in practice in the pawn shops of New York. He believes it would be a deterrent to the disposal of stolen property, and in this way prevent crime, or at least make it less profitable. It would be much easier to trace stolen property, and to identify the criminal.

Charles S. Draper, an employee of the United States Senate since 1892, died at his home in this city last week, after a long illness. Mr. Draper, who was in his 70th year, was a doorman for the diplomatic gallery of the Senate. Prior to his death he was clerk for several years with the Senate District Committee, in which position he rendered valuable service by reason of his long residence in the District, and his familiarity with its affairs. He held the position of confidential clerk to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate.

Treasury officials are disturbed over possible early exhaustion of the fund appropriated by Congress to meet the expense of shipping subsidiary coin to National banks of the country. At the last session the House appropriated \$50,000, and in less than two months the whole fund of \$50,000 was exhausted, and shipments by express were resumed. The fund will be expended before the re-assembly of Congress in December, in which event all shipments of fractional silver will need to be made by express. The cost of shipping silver by mail is \$13.50 per 1,000, while the same service is performed by express companies at an average of about \$4 per 1,000.

At least one man has a head the size of the President's, and has proved it. Representative Cocks, of the Oyster Bay District, visited the President the other day wearing a brand-new "lid," and when he returned to his home he found that he had upon his head a battered broad-brimmed hat which certainly was not his own. Then he discovered that he had "swiped" the hat of the President of the United States. He hastened back to make a proper exchange. The President declared that as the hat was new he had been quite willing to make the exchange, if the "other fellow" was agreeable.

Luot. U. S. Grant, 3d, is the father of a daughter. Mrs. Grant was Miss Edith Root, and she was staying at the Officers' Club home in Clinton, N. Y., where the baby was born, Sept. 11.

Representative Jay F. Lanning, of Ohio, is being tried in Ohio on indictment for alleged fraud in connection with the sale of shares of the National Savings Bank. Representative Lanning's counsel, in presenting the defense, said the testimony of the witnesses was contradictory, and that the full knowledge of the directors of the trust company and according to the banking laws.

The son of the late Senator Brice, Stewart M. Brice has been adjudged insane, and will be taken to an asylum. He has been unbalanced for several years.

An unidentified man of Concord, N. H., last week enriched the "conscience" fund of the United States Treasury by exactly 150 cents.

Here's a story that seems incredible, yet it is true. A man named "The Star Spangled Banner" played the Star Spangled Banner. The marines stood up. They were ordered to stand at attention, and the manager saying that the people in the rear objected to their standing. They refused to be seated, and were forcibly ejected from the theater.

Under the regulations of the Army and Navy all officers and enlisted men are required to stand when that air is played indoors. The two marines in question obeyed the regulations at the theater, and were requested by the manager either to be seated or leave the house. They chose the latter course. The Officers at the Navy Yard said that if the men had not stood when "The Star Spangled Banner" was played they would have been liable to severe punishment for disobedience of regulations.

the head of one of the biggest banking institutions in that city.

Gen. Leonard Wood, who has been attending the Autumn Imperial maneuvers at St. Johann on the Sarre, has now gone to France to attend the army maneuvers there, and was presented by Emperor William with a signed photograph of himself.

Assistant Secretary James B. Reynolds, of the Treasury Department, has returned to Washington from Paris, where for the past two months he has been acting as Chairman of the American Commercial Commission, and representing this country, in accordance with an agreement made between France and the United States.

White no information is given as to any decision or agreement, it is announced that the results of the conference are satisfactory, and will lead to much better trade relations between the two countries. The report will be submitted at once to the State Department.

Mrs. John A. Logan was pretty badly hurt on a street car during the summer being thrown violently to the ground by its starting before she had an opportunity to alight. She has now sued the Car Company for damages, and is confined to her bed for several weeks.

Word has been received here from Dr. Robert Koch, the German scientist, who discovered the bacillus of tuberculosis, and who is now at Vancouver, British Columbia, that he is on his way to this city to attend as a delegate to the Department of Tuberculosis, which is to be held here beginning Sept. 21 next and to continue for three weeks.

Work on the canal again delayed. It was thought that the three locks would be completed about Jan. 1, but now it will be at least July before the completion of the locks can be looked for. After the work on the canal for the locks was about completed according to the plans, it was found that the digging would have to be made on a street car, the foundation, and that at least \$5,000 more barrels of cement will have to be procured for this.

Immigration Commissioner Frank P. Sargent died last week after a long and serious illness at a hospital in this city. His remains were cremated, and taken to his home in Philadelphia for interment in the family lot there.

It has been discovered that Pine Key, the home of Mrs. Roosevelt in the Virgin Islands, has been broken up by tramps, who have slept in the beds and eaten in the kitchen. It is not thought that anything has been taken from the house. Entrance was gained by way of a pane of glass in one of the windows and unfastening the lock thru that.

A sufficient number of condemned guns were sold at the War Department last week to start a dozen Central American revolutions. The Department sold 100,000 Remington-Union Metallic Cartridge Co. .45 caliber rifles at 41 cents each, 13,000 Springfield caliber rifles at 36 cents each, and 14,000 Springfield caliber rifles at 61 cents each.

Several Gatling, Hotchkiss and mountain guns were purchased by Francis Bannerman, of New York, for \$19,300. Twelve hundred cartridges of .45 caliber of cartridges were sold for \$4.75 per thousand. The proceeds of the sale were \$34,147.

Dr. Cabell Whitehead, a metallurgist of repute, for several years engaged in banking and mining enterprises in Alaska, died in Nome, Alaska, last week of pneumonia. He was a British-born and was an assayer of the United States Mint Bureau in Washington.

Lord Sackville-West is dead. In this country he is almost forgotten, and yet it is due to him that Washington stands on the highest plane diplomatically. Up to his death he was the British Ambassador in this country. He was a man of great ability, and his death is a loss to the country.

One Murchison wrote from California to the British Minister in this city, stating that he was an Englishman, and sympathizing with his mother country, and desired to know whether it would be best for Great Britain to have Cleveland and re-elected, or whether it would be better for the interests of their common country.

Mr. Cleveland promptly demanded of Great Britain the recall of its Minister, and the demand was at once acceded to. Mr. Cleveland's decision stated in the matter made the world sit up and take notice, and from that day to this Washington has been the center of diplomatic centers to consult first hand at all times.

Lord Sackville-West's illegitimate daughter, Victoria, but a youth in Washington society, has been married. She succeeds to her father's fortune, but the estates are, of course, alienated because of her birth.

ROSEBUD OPENING.

Information From the Land Department. The Secretary of the Interior has caused the following circular to be published. It answers many inquiries received by The National Tribune:

Department of the Interior, General Land Office, Washington, D. C., Aug. 25, 1908. Information Relative to the Opening of the Tripoli Land.

Any person desiring to register for the opening of the Tripoli Land, in South Dakota (Tripoli County) under the President's recent proclamation, and the regulations issued by the Secretary of the Interior, must before the United States Commissioner or a Judge or a Clerk of a court of record, or a notary public in one of the following towns, viz: Aberdeen, Dakota; Gregory, Nebraska; Valentine, Nebraska; and there sign and swear to an application for registration, which will be furnished him by the officer before whom he makes his oath. This application must be sworn to between Oct. 6 and Oct. 17, 1908, after it is sworn to it must be inclosed, unopened, in a sealed envelope, and be furnished by the officer administering the oath, and the envelope must then be addressed and delivered to the United States Commissioner or Judge, or Clerk, at either Dallas or Gregory, S. D., before 4:30 p. m. on Oct. 17, and not after that, either by mail or in person, and the envelope must not have the name of the applicant written on it.

Soldiers and sailors who served for 90 days during the war of the rebellion, the Spanish-American War or the Philippine Insurrection, will not be required to go to either of the above-named towns to swear to their applications, but they may appoint agents to present their applications for them, and these appointments may be made and sworn to by either of the above-named towns. The agent must be a citizen of the United States, and his appointment of an agent by a soldier must be made in writing on a blank form which may be obtained by writing to

## What to Do For Money, Bladder or Rheumatic Trouble

Those suffering from a Uric Acid disease like kidney trouble, bladder trouble or any form of rheumatism, should learn of simple, safe and quick method of home cure, and can do so without cost or obligation by writing Dr. T. Frank Lynott, the noted specialist.

1. Pain in the back.
2. Pain in the joints.
3. Burning or stinging of urine.
4. Pain or soreness in the bladder.
5. Pain in the stomach.
6. General debility, weakness, dizziness.
7. Constipation or liver trouble.
8. Pain or soreness under right ribs.
9. Swelling in any part of the body.
10. Pain or pain around the heart.
11. Pain in the hip joint.
12. Pain in the neck or head.
13. Pain or soreness in the kidneys.
14. Pain or swelling of the joints.
15. Pain and swelling of the muscles.
16. Pain and soreness in nerves.
17. Acute or chronic rheumatism.

Study the symptoms carefully, then check those off that pertain to your trouble and simply write Dr. Lynott about as follows:

Dear Doctor: I notice symptoms number (then put down the numbers), give your age and whether married or single, sign your name and address plainly and send the letter to Dr. Lynott. That is all you have to do—not much time or trouble and certainly no expense, as you should not enclose any money.

The Free Treatment!

As soon as your letter is received he will begin to make a thorough study of your case. He will send you the free home treatment promised, with simple directions for use, and by following them you will soon be able to tell from personal experience that your case is curable. You take the cure in the form of others, though this specialist has files full of testimonials from people in all parts of the world, and many say they were cured by the free treatment alone. But take nobody's word, however honorable it may be. It is up to you to find out for yourself what it will do for you. Know from your own experience that it stops the torturing backache, the aching bladder, the painful kidneys, the racing, grinding rheumatism. See how it strengthens the heart, steadies the nerves, enriches the blood; how it makes you eat better and sleep better and gives you once again a cheerful outlook on life.

Free Letter of Advice!

The doctor will also write you a letter of medical advice giving his opinion on your case and stating just how you can be cured. Many people have said that this letter of advice has been of more value to them than all the efforts and medicines of other doctors or specialists, and yet Dr. Lynott will make no charge for it.

Free Medical Book!

For years Dr. Lynott has published and distributed the largest free medical book on kidney, bladder and rheumatic troubles. It goes into all the details of diseases, causes, effects and symptoms. It also contains valuable information on home treatment, and a complimentary copy will be sent to every person who writes the doctor. Address him.

DR. T. FRANK LYNOTT, 249 Occidental Building, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

former entry was not canceled for fraud or relinquished for a valuable consideration.

A person who has obtained patent under a registration entry for less than 160 acres can enter such area of these lands as will, when added to the land embraced in his former entry, amount, in the aggregate, to 160 acres. It will not be necessary for him to make a new entry to make either second or additional entry to mention that fact in his application for registration, but, at the time he applies to make second or additional entry, he must furnish the description and date of his former entry, the number of the entry, the lands entered, and the land office at which the entry was made, in the manner prescribed by regulations governing the making of second and additional entry.

Every person who files an application for registration must swear that he is qualified to make a homestead entry; that he desires to register for the sole purpose of securing lands for his own use, as a home, and for improvement; that he does not intend to speculate in the lands, or to dispose of the lands at the earliest possible date; and that he is not a person who presents more than one application in his own behalf, either in person or thru an agent, soldier who files by or thru an agent, or a person who is a soldier. Soldiers who did not serve during the wars mentioned above have no greater rights than persons who have never served in the Army at the time of their application, and he can then deliver the application and appointment to the Superintendent of the Opening, by mail or in person, at either Dallas or Gregory, S. D. The agent may register both for himself and for one soldier, but the same person cannot be agent for more than one soldier, and no person will be permitted to take part in the drawing who presents more than one application in his own behalf, either in person or thru an agent, soldier who files by or thru an agent, or a person who is a soldier. Soldiers who did not serve during the wars mentioned above have no greater rights than persons who have never served in the Army at the time of their application, and he can then deliver the application and appointment to the Superintendent of the Opening, by mail or in person, at either Dallas or Gregory, S. D. On Oct. 19, to determine who of the persons registered will be given the right to make entry, the Superintendent will draw a number smaller than 1,001 which will be notified by mail, addressed to the post office given in his application, unless he has previously given another, to appear at the opening of the lands on the 19th of March, 1909, when he will be permitted to enter one-quarter section, or less, of these lands, for which he will be required to pay the usual fees and commissions and \$5 an acre. If the number drawn is between 4,000 and 6,001, the applicant will be notified in the same manner of some date in August, 1909, when he can make entry on 160 acres, or if any of the lands remain unentered at that time. The fees and commissions and one-fifth of the purchase money must be paid when the entry is made, and the remainder of the purchase money in five equal annual payments, without interest. At the time he makes final proof he will be required to pay the usual fees and commissions, and the remainder of the purchase money in five equal annual payments, without interest. At the time he makes final proof he will be required to pay the usual fees and commissions, and the remainder of the purchase money in five equal annual payments, without interest.

If an entryman fails to make any annual payment, when it becomes due, or fails to reside on and cultivate the land as the law requires, his entry will be canceled, and all former payments made by him will be forfeited.

After the expiration of the entry, he can obtain patent by complying with the requirements of the homestead law, as to residence and cultivation, for five years, and making the annual payments, or, after actually residing upon and cultivating the land in good faith for the full period of 14 months, he can obtain title by proving that fact, and paying all the unpaid purchase money. The residence required upon these lands means the actual, bona fide making and maintaining of a home thereon, to the entire exclusion of a person elsewhere. The requirements as to residence, cultivation and payment apply to soldiers as well as to others, except that a soldier who served during any of the wars mentioned above may, after residing on the land for 12 months, or longer, claim credit for the period of his military service during such war, or in other words, when he has been in military service, added to the period of his residence on the land, equals five years. He will not be required to longer reside on or cultivate the land, but he must make his installment payments annually, unless he elects to make all of the payments at the time he makes his proof at an earlier date.

Persons are not entitled to register for this opening if they will be under 21 years of age at the time they apply to make entry or are married women, and not heads of families, or are not citizens of the United States and have not declared their intentions to become citizens, or are owners of more than 160 acres of land, or have obtained title to or are claiming 320 acres of land under the homestead, desert land, or timber and stone laws since Aug. 30, 1890, or have already made homestead entry for 160 acres, if the entry has been patented or canceled for fraud, or relinquished for a valuable consideration.

Any person who, prior to Feb. 8, 1903, lost, forfeited or abandoned a homestead entry, made by him, may make entry of 160 acres of these lands, if his

ist and authority on these diseases, who will explain it in detail, send a free home treatment and a letter of medical advice fully covering your case. It is important, however, to know your symptoms. The symptoms of a kidney, bladder or rheumatic disease are:

1. Pain in the back.
2. Pain in the joints.
3. Burning or stinging of urine.
4. Pain or soreness in the bladder.
5. Pain in the stomach.
6. General debility, weakness, dizziness.
7. Constipation or liver trouble.
8. Pain or soreness under right ribs.
9. Swelling in any part of the body.
10. Pain or pain around the heart.
11. Pain in the hip joint.
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17. Acute or chronic rheumatism.

Study the symptoms carefully, then check those off that pertain to your trouble and simply write Dr. Lynott about as follows:

Dear Doctor: I notice symptoms number (then put down the numbers), give your age and whether married or single, sign your name and address plainly and send the letter to Dr. Lynott. That is all you have to do—not much time or trouble and certainly no expense, as you should not enclose any money.

The Free Treatment!

As soon as your letter is received he will begin to make a thorough study of your case. He will send you the free home treatment promised, with simple directions for use, and by following them you will soon be able to tell from personal experience that your case is curable. You take the cure in the form of others, though this specialist has files full of testimonials from people in all parts of the world, and many say they were cured by the free treatment alone. But take nobody's word, however honorable it may be. It is up to you to find out for yourself what it will do for you. Know from your own experience that it stops the torturing backache, the aching bladder, the painful kidneys, the racing, grinding rheumatism. See how it strengthens the heart, steadies the nerves, enriches the blood; how it makes you eat better and sleep better and gives you once again a cheerful outlook on life.